Reading 2 Prepare to Read

These words will help you understand the reading.

Sight Words

give big

feels

hurt

Story Words

learn parents children

Vocabulary ©

Words to Know

I will give the big box to Dad.
 It feels too heavy. I do not want to get hurt.



- 2. We learn from Mom.
- 3. Parents teach their children.



Your Turn

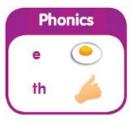
Pick one word from either box.

Use the word in a sentence.

Phonics O

Short e; th

Read the words aloud. Listen for the letter sounds.







egg

bed





Your Turn



Write the missing letter or letters.







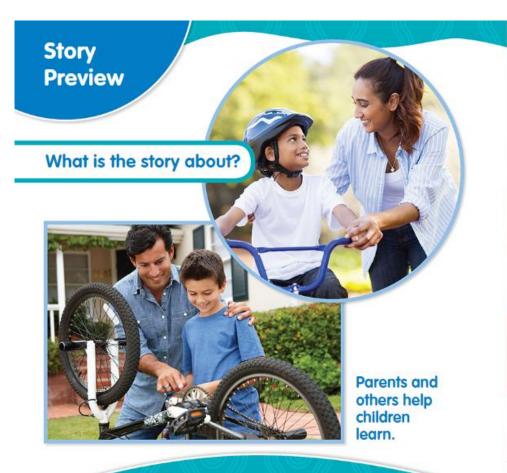


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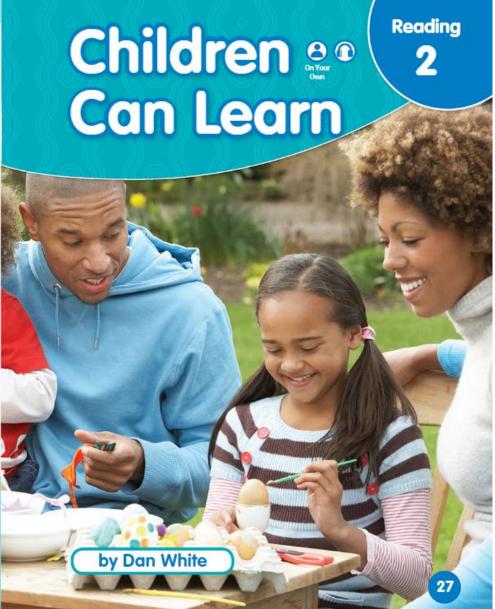
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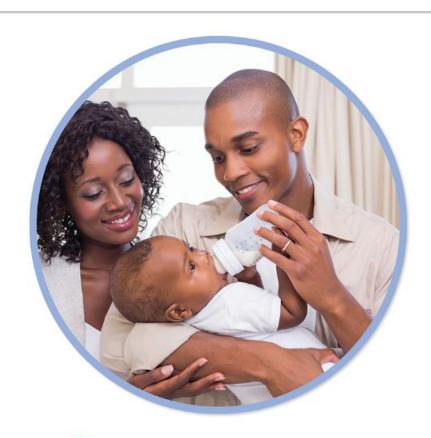


Reading Strategy Cause and Effect

A cause is why something happens. An effect is what happens as a result of a cause. Look for causes and effects as you read.

Shared Reading Your teacher will show you how to use the strategy. Listen, watch, and practice.





Glen is a small baby. Mom and Dad help Glen. Dad can give Glen a bottle. Glen can be fed. Then Glen can get a nap.



Nell is not big yet. Nell is small. Nell gets help. Mom can help Nell. She can give Nell a snack.





Can Bess get milk? Yes, but Bess makes a mess. Bess feels bad. Bess can ask Dad to help.

O Dad can help Bess. Dad is glad to help Bess. Bess can get milk. Bess feels good. Bess and Dad are glad. Bess tells Dad, "Thanks!"



O Dan can learn math. Dan has a math test. Dan gets help to pass the math test. Dad can help Jan spell hen, pen, den, bell, and well. Dad helps Jan spell and pass a test.



Parents help children. Matt can get hurt. Mom helps Matt.
Matt is safe. Matt will not get hurt.



Fred has a red bat. Dad can help Fred hit a ball. Fred can run fast.

Fred tells Dad, "Thanks." Fred is glad Dad can help.

Think It Over

Read the questions and say the answers. Use Sight Words and Story Words.

- 1. How can Dad help Glen?
- 2. How does Nell's mom help Nell?
- 3. Why does Bess feel bad?
- 4. What do you learn from your mom or dad?



Speaking Tip

If you don't understand, ask a partner a question about the story.

Reading Strategy

Cause and Effect

What causes and effects did you find in the story?



Reading 2

Grammar and Writing

Simple Present

Use the simple present to talk about things people always do.

For he, she, it, add -s to the verb.

She rides her bike every day.

For verbs ending in *ch*, *sh*, *s*, *x*, or *z*, add *-es*.

He teaches music.



For a negative statement, use does not or doesn't + verb.

She does not play in the street. = She doesn't play in the street.

For a Yes/No question with *he*, *she*, *it*, use *does* + subject + verb.

Does he sing? Yes, he does. Does she dance? No, she doesn't.

Practice A

Write the verbs for the he, she, and it sentences.

- 1. He buys food at the grocery store. (buy)
- 2. She _____ from her parents and teachers. (learn)
- 3. He _____ TV with his sister sometimes. (watch)
- 4. The sun is nice. It _____ warm. (feel)
- 5. She _____ her clothes on Saturdays. (wash)

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Practice B

Add does, doesn't, or Does.

- 1. <u>Does</u> he always do his chores? No, he <u>doesn't</u>.
- 2. _____ your father watch TV? Yes, he _____.
- 3. _____ Matt help Mom ride a bike? No, he _____.
- 4. _____ Dad help Fred hit the ball? Yes, he _____.
- 5. _____ your sister play basketball? Yes, she _____.
- 6. _____ your brother like pizza? No, he _____.
- 7. ______ she swim at the gym? No, she _____.

Apply

Get in a group. Talk about a friend or family member.

Example: A: Does your brother play soccer?

B: No, he doesn't. He plays basketball.

Write

Write about a friend or a family member.

- My sister takes dance lessons
- on Saturdays. Sometimes she plays
- cards with my brother. She also
- uses the computer.

