

# The Underground City

## Booklet 3

Name: \_\_\_\_\_





**My name is:**

**Grade: ( 4 )**

**Vocabulary**

**Date: /May/ 2023**

<b>Words</b>	<b>Meanings</b>	<b>Sentences</b>
<b>Native</b> ( adjective)	from a particular place	My <b>native</b> language is Arabic.
<b>extreme</b> ( adjective)	not normal or usual	Tom is in <b>extreme</b> pain, he isn't coming to school.
<b>architecture</b> ( noun)	the look of a building	The <b>architecture</b> of this building is old.
<b>underground</b> ( adverb)	below the surface of the earth	The car park is <b>underground</b> .
<b>mining</b> ( noun)	taking things like gold from below underground	Many people work in coal <b>mining</b> around the world.
<b>efficient</b> ( adjective)	good at not wasting time.	He was <b>efficient</b> at his job.
<b>adapt</b> ( verb)	changed to fit a new situation.	It takes time to <b>adapt</b> to a new school.
<b>environment</b> ( noun)	world of land, sea, and air that you live in. (your surroundings)	We must try to protect the <b>environment</b> .
<b>located</b> ( verb)	be in a particular place	Petra is <b>located</b> in Jordan.
<b>business</b> ( noun)	buying or selling of goods and services.	Ahmad is running his own <b>business</b> .
<b>trenches</b> ( noun)	long, narrow holes dug into the ground.	Workers dug <b>trenches</b> for gas lines.
<b>desert</b> ( noun)	large area of land that is very dry and usually very hot	Crossing that <b>desert</b> is dangerous.
<b>visitors</b> ( noun)	people who come to see a place or a person.	We are expecting <b>visitors</b> this weekend.

## Exercise 1:

**trenches - visitors - extreme - mining - efficient - desert - native - adapt - architecture - underground**

- Choose one of the words above to complete the sentences below.

1. I like to visit the \_\_\_\_\_ to see the camels.
2. The heat is \_\_\_\_\_ in Aqaba in summer.
3. He returned to his \_\_\_\_\_ city when he graduated.
4. Subway trains have special trails\_\_\_\_\_.
5. Animals \_\_\_\_\_ to their surroundings.
6. The \_\_\_\_\_ of Amman is stunning.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ is a dangerous job.
8. A lot of \_\_\_\_\_ come to Jordan each year.
9. Teamwork is \_\_\_\_\_, you can finish your duties faster.
10. Some animals build their houses in \_\_\_\_\_.

**Use the following words in meaningful sentences.**

**1. environment:**

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**2. desert:**

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**3. located:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Having read “ The Underground city” answer the following questions:**

Q1: What is the genre?

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Q2: "From the street you can see only dirt and trees" . **Explain.**

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Q3: People don't spend money on air conditioning. **Explain.**

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Q4: People pay more for heat in winter in Coober Pedy. **T/ F**

Q5: What are opals ?

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Q6: What is mining ?

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Q8: How did the underground houses begin?

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Q9: Mining became popular before 1915. **T/ F**

Q10: The pronoun “**they**“p.266 line 10 refers to:\_\_\_\_\_

Q11: Find a word in p. 266 that means “**from a particular place**” \_\_\_\_\_

**Critical Thinking:**

Q12: Do you like to live in the underground city? Why?

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## Past Simple : Regular

- The regular form of verb 2 is formed by adding -ed/-d to the verb

Play – Played

Call – Called

Study – Studied

### Spelling rules

1-If the verb ends with a **consonant + y**, drop the y and add -ied.

Study:studied

cry:cried

2- If the verb end with a **vowel between two consonants**, duplicate the last letter and add -ed.

-**Stop**: stopped

-**Drop**: dropped

1-Fill in the blanks with the appropriate past simple tense form of the verb given in brackets.

1-The students \_\_\_\_\_ ( enjoy ) the trip.

2-The baby \_\_\_\_\_ ( cry ) last night.

3- My cat \_\_\_\_\_ ( chase ) a small mice.

4-My sister \_\_\_\_\_ ( drop) her phone.

5- They \_\_\_\_\_ (not/finish) the project yesterday.

6- Ahmad \_\_\_\_\_ ( help ) me in my homework yesterday.

## Simple Past: Irregular verbs SB (86 - 87) WB (48)

	Present	Past
1.	<b>be</b>	<b>was/were</b>
2.	<b>become</b>	<b>became</b>
3.	<b>begin</b>	<b>began</b>
4.	<b>buy</b>	<b>bought</b>
5.	<b>catch</b>	<b>caught</b>
6.	<b>choose</b>	<b>chose</b>
7.	<b>come</b>	<b>came</b>
8.	<b>find</b>	<b>found</b>
9.	<b>give</b>	<b>gave</b>
10.	<b>go</b>	<b>went</b>
11.	<b>have/ has</b>	<b>had</b>
12.	<b>hear</b>	<b>heard</b>
13.	<b>make</b>	<b>made</b>
14.	<b>read</b>	<b>read</b>
15.	<b>rise</b>	<b>rose</b>
16.	<b>run</b>	<b>ran</b>
17.	<b>say</b>	<b>said</b>
18.	<b>see</b>	<b>saw</b>
19.	<b>sing</b>	<b>sang</b>
20.	<b>take</b>	<b>took</b>
21.	<b>tell</b>	<b>told</b>
22.	<b>throw</b>	<b>threw</b>
23.	<b>wear</b>	<b>wore</b>

**Rewrite the following sentences in the past tense.**

- He goes to the swimming pool .

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- They have dinner at nine o'clock.

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- Adam runs 500 m.

For more information, contact the Office of the Vice President for Research and the Office of the Vice President for Student Affairs.

**Make the following sentences negative.**

1. Helen told stories for her babies yesterday.

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2. My sister made a cake.

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**Circle the correct answers:**

1. Anwar \_\_\_\_\_ a doctor two years ago.

a. becomes                    b. became                    c. becoming

2. He was so happy that he \_\_\_\_\_ to dance.

- a. chooses
- b. choose
- c. chose

4. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ a big farm when you were a kid .